- 25. Notice the sequence. The first order of business for the positive believer is attendance at Bible class. He focuses intensively on the message communicated which is described as the perfect "Law of Freedom" after which he resolved to "live in close proximity" to it through *continued* intensive study.
- 26. Now this positive believer is warned not to retrogress but to press the attack. Some believers make consistent advance but for a multiplicity of reasons they lose their intensity.
- 27. This takes us to James's caveat, "not having become a forgetful hearer." The negative conjunction οὖκ (ouk): "not," when occurring before a participle, means a direct and absolute negation is to be expressed.
- 28. What follows is the agrist middle participle of γίνομαι (gínomai): "having become." What he has not become is "forgetful," the noun ἐπιλησμονή (epilēsmoné): "to forget."
- 29. What this believer is not to become is a forgetful "hearer," the noun ἀκροατής (akroatḗs): "hearer."
- 30. What is prohibited is for this person to repeat the mistake of the nobleman in verses 23–24. He forgot everything he heard. He was not a serious student of the Word of God.
- 31. So the man in verse 25 is encouraged to continuously study the Word by being nearby its teachings, "not having become a hearer that forgets."
- 32. What he is to do is to access the doctrine he has learned and stored in the memory center of the *kardía* for the purpose of producing divine good.
- 33. This is introduced by the conjunction ἀλλά (allá): "but," followed by the noun ποιητής (poiētés): "doer." What he does is indicated by the noun ἔργον (érgon): "work."
- 34. So far there is not an imperative mood in the verse nor will there be.

  Nevertheless, there has been a summary of what a positive believer must do in order "be blessed in what he does."
- 35. The verse continues with "this man," which refers to the "doer-believer," who will be "blessed," μακάριος (*makários*). We are going to use "happy" to translate *makários* in verse 25.
- 36. This man "shall be happy in what he does," the future active indicative of the verb **ɛiµi** (*eimi*): shall be. The future tense anticipates the man will continue with his interest in studying the Word and as a result will be happy in producing divine good.

- 37. "Doing" is the application of doctrine inculcated through consistent Bible study. True happiness is a durable asset of the soul acquired by the consistent production of divine good under the filling and teaching ministries of the Holy Spirit.
  - James 1:22 But keep on <u>becoming</u> [ IM #13 ] doers of the implanted Word, and not only hearers who deceive themselves due to self-induced stupidity.
  - v. 23 For if, and it is true, anyone is a hearer of the Word in the *noús* and not a doer from the *kardía*, such a person, is like a nobleman who looks contemplatively at his facial features in a mirror;
  - v. 24 for once he had continued to contemplate himself intently in the mirror and departed, he has the existing result of immediately disregarding what kind of man he habitually and regularly was.
  - v. 25

    But the one who (1) looks with an earnest desire to absorb in detail [ aorist active participle of the verb παρακύπτω (karakúptō) ] the perfect law of freedom, and [ καί (kaί): adjunctive conjunction joining participles ] (2) continues to live in close proximity to it [ aorist active participle of the verb παραμένω (paraménō): to remain nearby and persevere ], not [ οὖκ (ouk) ] (3) having become [ aorist middle participle of γίνομαι (gínomai) ] a forgetful hearer only, but a doer, this man shall acquire unalloyed happiness by the production of divine good. (EXT)
- 1. In verse 25, James explains the volitional sequence of how the Law of Liberty is applied by the "doer-believer." James links three agrist participles followed by a promise.
- 2. The first is the agrist active participle of the verb παρακύπτω (parakúptō): "To stoop down near or bend forward in order to look at something more closely." Used metaphorically, meaning to look into, to find out in order to know and understand in detail.
- 3. This is linked with the second agrist participle by the adjunctive conjunction  $\kappa\alpha i (kai)$ , and is the verb,  $\pi\alpha\rho\alpha\mu\dot{\epsilon}\nu\omega$  (paramén $\bar{o}$ ), to live in close proximity to it by continued study.

- 4. This approach to the Word results in "not becoming," the verb, γίνομαι (gínomai), translated, "not a forgetful hearer, but a doer."
- 5. This process results in fulfilling the imperative mood in James 1:21:

**James 1:21** Therefore, put away from yourself mental attitude sins that pollute the soul and all the excesses of an evil habit of mind, <u>you must receive</u> with humility [ **IM #12** ] the implanted word, which is empowered to deliver your souls from danger. (EXT)

- 6. The positive-volition reception with humility of James's teachings will result in retention of Bible doctrine. This is the Law of Freedom executed positively.
- 7. James describes this process in verse 25. When the believer with humility mentally bends down to concentrate on the teaching of the Word and then applies it to life and circumstances, he becomes not a forgetful hearer, but a doer of the Word.
- 8. Verses 22–24 provide the step-by-step process of how a believer does not go through the process of concentrating on the Word thus becoming a hearer only with the result that he deludes himself.
- 9. Verse 25, gives the step-by-step procedure for acquiring, retaining, and applying the Word to life and circumstances. This is the positive function of the law of freedom.
- 10. The key word in the formula cited in verse 25 is the second agrist active participle, παραμένω (*paraménō*), "to live in close proximity to it by continued study." The NASB phrases it, "abides by it," but "close proximity to it" is the issue.
- 11. Facilitating the Word into paths of least resistance is the issue. When that occurs, then application is the natural result. Old wheel-tracks are inhibited, indicated by the phrase, "not having become a forgetful hearer only, but a doer."
- 12. This is the end result of consistent Bible study. The absolute truth of God's Word has become "implanted" in the stream of consciousness and is available to "deliver your souls from danger" (James 1:21*c*).
- 13. The fallen environment of the devil's world is wrought with difficulties, challenges, tragedies, and even death. The catalyst of its fallen nature occurred by the fall of Adam in the garden. The sin nature was created and its effects on the human soul are demonstrated in the souls of mankind daily.

- 14. This world is fallen and those who are born into it are destined, save the Rapture, to live for a time and then die. What happens next is the big mystery for most of the human race.
- 15. The minds of men have a desire for life after death, but do not know how or whether it is a realistic idea. Absent knowledge of the Word of God and its immutable promises, they search for answers that inevitably draw them to a religion.
- 16. Religion is the invention of man. It is a desperate exercise in human viewpoint with absolutely no guarantee of success. After death they have no firm idea of what exactly comes next, if anything. They are forced to wonder if there actually is an afterlife. The dead remain mute so there are no reports from the Other Side.
- 17. Religion therefore hopes to impress "God," whoever it may be. Human viewpoint inevitably gravitates to human energy—works that impress themselves with the notion "God" may be impressed as well.
- 18. Christianity has all the answers, but the benighted are not geared to operate on grace. Grace is the divine system that shows mercy to fallen mankind. We are flawed people. Our souls are constantly being propagandized by the temptations of the devil's world to which the sin nature has affinities.
- 19. Jesus Christ told Pontius Pilate, "I have come into the world, to testify to the truth. Everyone who is of the truth hears My voice." Pilate said to Him, "What is truth?"
- 20. There are quite a number of things mankind has discovered that are classified as truth, such as mathematical formulae and some valid scientific discoveries. When it comes to the turmoil of human modus operandi, man struggles to develop a system that results in collective harmony on earth and confidence about the hereafter.
- 21. Where does one go to resolve these important questions? The minds of men have discovered no system to which all people are willing to agree. Should some adhere to a well-thought out system of human government there always arise others to disagree.
- 22. Man left to man's devices always gravitates toward human good and evil while truth rarely gets a mention. Consequently, it is a good exercise to ask, "What is truth?"
- 23. The only certain, immutable, and unalterable source of truth is found in the pages of Scripture. It is there we must focus our attention in order to bring order to our souls.

- 24. It is by long and arduous application of truth by those who possess it that restoration of order in the commonwealth may be restored. For that to occur, truth must first be restored into the souls of men.
- 25. The answer to the prevailing question among men is, "What happens after death?" All other questions have those who provide answers, whether right or wrong. Experts abound in every discipline man undertakes.
- 26. But the one answer to the question every person wants to hear is a clear presentation with documentation of what happens after death.
- 27. Answer: Those who have believed in Jesus Christ are instantly absent from the body and face to face with the Lord (2 Corinthians 5:8).
- 28. Answer: Those who have not believed in Jesus Christ are instantly absent from the body and incarcerated in the Torments Compartment of Hades. This is taught by illustration in Luke 16:19–31.
- 29. Answer: Those who have not reached the age of accountability are instantly absent from the body and face to face with the Lord.
- 30. The Lord Himself had some things to say about babies and children in the kingdom of heaven:

Luke 18:15 And they were bringing even their babies to Him so that He would touch them, but when the disciples saw it, they began rebuking them.

v. 16 But Jesus called for them, saying, "Permit the children to come to Me, and do not hinder them, for the kingdom of God belongs to such as these."

**2 Samuel 12:22** David said, "While the child was still alive, I fasted and wept; for I said, "Who knows, the Lord may be gracious to me, that the child may live."

v. 23 "But now he has died; why should I fast? Can I bring him back again? I will go to him, but he will not return to me."