The Invisible Historical Impact of Jesus Christ

[.	Definition of Invisible Historical Impact:		
1.	Human history exists for the ultimate glory of God. □		
2.	The only way God is glorified by the human race is when believers accept Christ and then advance to spiritual maturity. □		
3.	This is a demonstration to fallen angels that a creature lower than they, but with the same free will, can accept God at His word. \Box		
4.	It is God's desire to show that simply through positive volition and spiritual growth through faith, the believer can conquer anything life has to offer. □		
5.	The battle is spiritual, the battleground is your soul, and the artillery is thought. \Box		
5.	It is our mission to have maximum spiritual impact on human history. \Box		
7.	However, this impact must be invisible. It is Jesus Christ Who controls history on behalf of the Pivot. \Box		
8.	Individuals are required to advance in the plan of God to the point they can have personal impact on those in their periphery.		
9.	Personal impact occurs when believers and unbelievers are blessed by association with a believer executing the plan of God. □		
10.	Every advancing believer has people who are close to him: relatives, family, friends, business associates, classmates, fellow soldiers. □		
11.	This helps answer the question posed in:		
	Jeremiah 12:1c Why has the way of the wicked prospered? □		
	It is because of blessing by association with a mature believer who functions as a member of the Pivot of mature believers. \Box		
12.	Blessing by association comes from two sources:		
	a. <u>Direct</u> : The one who is associated with a Pivot member receives blessings directly from God. □		

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	NOTE : Isaac received direct blessing from God because of his association with Abraham. The same is true of Jacob and subsequently the 12 tribes of Israel. This blessing by association is also applied to the Arab nations throughout history. Today, Third World countries involved in the false religion of Islam are being blessed by their association with Abraham through Hagar. (Note Genesis 17:20 compared with Genesis 25:12–16) □			
	b. Indirect: The Pivot member provides blessing from the source of his own prosperity. He gives from the abundance of his possessions: love, wealth, intelligence, know-how, time, personality, encouragement, leadership, and example. □			
13.	There are several areas in which blessings by association are found: \Box			
	1. <u>Spiritual Life</u> : The Pivot member blesses the local church, its members, and those associated with it, i.e., missionaries and evangelists. This blessing is the result of the maximum function of spiritual gifts as well as the power of prayer. □			
	2. <u>Love Life</u> : Includes one's marriage, children, siblings, parents, grandparents, relatives, friends, and even animals. □			
	3. <u>Professional Life</u> : Includes those with whom one associates in the professions of medicine, law, engineering, jurisprudence, military, government, theology, or the arts. □			
	4. <u>Business Life</u> : Those with whom one associates in free enterprise such as the board of directors, management, labor, stockholders, partners, the organization, the corporation, the company, or the association. □			
	5. <u>Social Life</u> : People from all walks of life may be associated with the mature believer in his pursuit of the arts, music, entertainment, literature, sports, or civic functions. □			
	6. Geographic Area: The pivot member is able to bless those in his immediate vicinity, i.e., neighborhood, city, county, state, and nation. □			
	7. Heritage: Blessing by association even continues after death. Because of one's membership in the Pivot, all those closely associated with him are blessed. His children, spouse, family, and friends continue to receive blessing whether they are believers or unbelievers; spiritual or cosmic; good or evil. □			
	Psalm 37:25 I have been young and now I am old, yet have not seen the righteous forsaken or his descendants begging bread. □			

14.	The 1	princip	ole that Jesus Christ controls history:
		func	Idition to the restraining ministry of the Holy Spirit and the tions of the Pivot in a client nation, there is the principle that s Christ controls history in three ways:
		a.	Direct control based on His divine sovereignty. □
		b.	Indirect control through the Laws of Divine Establishment.
		c.	Permissive control by allowing evil to run its course in the Angelic Conflict. □
1.	Jesu	s Chri	ist's Direct Control of History:
	Perso	onal H	istorical Intervention: Theophanies and Christophanies
	1.		oughout human history, Jesus Christ has revealed Himself to numan race. □
	2.		auch appearances fall into four categories: (a) Theophanies, (b) notarnation, (c) Christophanies, and (d) the Second Advent.
	3.		eophany is an appearance of Jesus Christ as an angel, a man, phenomenon of nature prior to the First Advent.
	4.		eral examples of theophanies include appearances of Jesus st under the title, Angel of the Lord:
		a.	To Hagar by the fountain in the wilderness in Genesis 16:7–13. Hagar was astonished that God Himself had spoken to her. Jesus is identified as "the Angel of the Lord" in Genesis, Chapter 16, in verses 7, 9–11. □
			Astonished that the Lord had spoken to her she said in:
		Lord	Then she [Hagar] called the name of the lawho spoke to her, "You are a God Who sees"; for she said, we I even remained alive here after seeing Him?" \square
		b.	Before Abraham at Mount Moriah: □
			The angel of the Lord called to him from ven and said, "Abraham, Abraham!" And he said, 'Here I"
		c.	Ordering Jacob back to Bethel in:
			"Then the angel of God said to me in a "Jacob ' and I said 'Here I am '"

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d.	Before Moses on Mount Hōreb [חֵרֶב (Chōrev): another
	name for Mount Sinai] in the burning bush: □
[Mc look	The angel of the Lord appeared to <u>him</u> oses] in a blazing fire from the midst of a bush; and He ed, and behold, the bush was burning with fire, yet the bush not consumed. □
b d fa	the desert bush is comparable to Israel's captivity in Egypt. Desert ushes had thorns, symbolic of Israel's sin. The fire portrays the iscipline and suffering being endured by the Jews. However, the act the bush was not consumed dramatizes the fact that Israel will all under anti-Semitic assault, but never annihilated by it.
te d	the appearance of Jesus Christ out from this burning bush is estimony to the principle that God will preserve Israel through His ivine power. Jesus Christ is about to give Moses orders to lead his people Israel out of bondage. □
Abra	dus 3:6 "I am the God of your father, the God of aham, the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob." Then Moses his face, for he was afraid to look at God. □
to P	dus 3:10 "Therefore, come now, and I will send you haraoh, so that you may bring My people, the sons of Israel, of Egypt." □
e.	Before Gideon by the oak in <u>Ophrah</u> [יֻלְפְּרָה (' <i>Öphrah</i>): a town within the tribe of Manasseh]: □
and	The angel of the Lord appeared to him said to him [Gideon], "The Lord is with you, O valiant ior." (See: Judges 6:11–24) □
f.	With Shadrach, Meshach, and Abed-nego in the burning fiery furnace. Daniel 3:23−38. □
"Ble גוא serv and	iel 3:28 Nebuchadnezzar responded and said, ssed is the God of: מֵישֶׁרְ Shādrach, מֵישֵׁרְ Mḗshach, and Mḗshach, and Abéd-nēgo, who has sent His angel and delivered His ants who put their trust in Him, violating the king's command, yielded up their bodies so as not to serve or worship any godept their own God." □
	ophanies of Jesus Christ as a Man: □

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	a.	Talking with Abraham by the oaks in Mamore in Genesis $18:1-33$ (see vv. $17-18$). \square
		This is the passage in which the principle of the Pivot is established. There are no Pivots before the creation of Israel as history's first Priest Nation some 500 years later, but the principle is the same, nonetheless. □
	b.	As the Wrestler against Jacob in Genesis 32:24–32. □
	of G	Jacob named the place Penīel [The face od] , for he said, "I have seen God face to face, yet my life been preserved."
	c.	Before the elders of Israel on Mt. Sinai. Exodus 24:9–12. □
	Me o	Now the Lord said to Moses, "Come up to in the mountain and remain there, and I will give you the tablets with the law and the commandment which I have not their instruction."
6.	Theo	phanies of Jesus Christ as a phenomenon of nature: □
	a.	As a cloud by day and a fire by night at the Tabernacle: □
	cloud	For throughout all their journeys, the don't he Lord was on the Tabernacle by day, and there was not it by night, in the sight of all the house of Israel.
	b.	In this same passage, we see the Lord as the Shekinah Glory:
	meet	<mark>dus 40:34</mark> Then the cloud covered the tent of ing, and the <u>glory</u> [i.e.: בֻּבוֹד שְׁכִינָה : the Shekinah Glory] e Lord filled the Tabernacle. □
7.		ationale for the conclusion that Jesus Christ is the member e Trinity involved in the Theophanies:
	a.	Jesus Christ is the visible God of the New Testament in: □
	the o	1:18 No one has ever seen <u>God</u> [the Father], but one and only <u>Son</u> [Jesus Christ], who is himself God and is essest relationship with the Father, has made him known.
	long He w	Jesus said to him [Philip], "Have I been so with you, and yet you have not come to know me, Philip? who has seen Me has seen the Father; how can you say, w us the Father??

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	b.	There are no appearances of the Angel of the Lord after the Incarnation: □		
		Incidentally, the term, "Angel of the Lord" can be found in Matthew 1:20, 24; 2:13. \Box		
		A far more detailed set of references to the "angel of the Lord" is found in Luke 1 from verses 11 through 38 and Luke 2, verses 9 through 21. □		
		In Luke 2:9, the "angel of the Lord" addresses the shepherds regarding the Virgin Birth of Jesus. This is not a theophany. On this occasion, the "angel of the Lord" is identified in Luke 1:19, 26 as the archangel Gabriel. □		
	c.	1 John 4:12 reveals that, "no one has seen God at any time." □		
		The third Person of the Trinity is a Holy Spirit Who is invisible. Thus, Jesus Christ is the only visible Member of the Godhead revealed in Scripture. Consequently, the preincarnate appearances of deity have to be those of Christ. □		
8.		s Christ appeared to mankind in Hypostatic Union during earthly ministry referred to as the Incarnation. □		
9.	The Incarnation was a 33+-year period between the Virgin Birth to His physical death on the cross. □			
10.	A Christophany of Jesus Christ is any appearance by Him in resurrection body before the Second Advent. □			
11.	Chris	stophanies are broken down into two categories:		
	a.	After His resurrection but before His ascension: □		
		To Mary Magdalene at the tomb. John 20:11–18. □ To Mary, the mother of James and Salome, outside the tomb. Matthew 28:8–10. □ To Peter. Luke 24:34 as Simon; 1 Corinthians 15:5 as Cephas. □ To Cléopas and his friend on the Emmaus Road. Luke 24:13–32. □ To the 12 disciples minus Thomas on the evening of the resurrection. John 20:19–25. □		

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		To the 12 disciples including Thomas one week later. John 20:26–31. \square
		To seven of the disciples at the Sea of Tibérias (Galilee). John 21:1–2. □
		To the apostles plus over 500 believers. Matthew 28:16–20; 1 Corinthians 15:6. □ To James, the Lord's half-brother. 1 Corinthians 15:7. □ His final appearance at the Mount of Olives just before His ascension. Luke 24:50–52; Acts 1:3–12. □
	b.	After the ascension but before the Second Advent: □
		To Stephen at his stoning. Acts 7:55. □ To Paul at his conversion on the Damascus Road. Acts 9:3–5. □
		To Paul at the home of Titus Justus in Corinth. Acts 8:9–10. To Paul at the Temple in Jerusalem. Acts 22:17–21. □ To Paul while under the protective custody of Captain Claúdius Lysias in Jerusalem. Acts 23:10–11. □ To Paul in a vision. 2 Corinthians 12:1–4. □
		To John on the Isle of Patmos. Revelation 1:10–19. □
12.	person establ 1,000	econd Advent is the future historical event which marks the nal and physical return of Jesus Christ to earth and the ishment of His Millennial reign on David's throne in Jerusalem for years. See: Joel 3:16–17; Zechariah 14:9; 1 Timothy 6:14–15; ation 19:11–20:6. □
Direc	et Inter	evention by means of the Acts of God:
1.		erm "act of God" has the following definitions in the ving dictionaries:
	inter expe	f God. <i>Law.</i> An inevitable accident; such an ruption of the usual course of events that no rience, foresight, or care which might reasonably be cted could have foreseen or guarded against it. □
	(as a expe	f God: an extraordinary interruption by a natural cause flood or earthquake) of the usual course of events that rience, prescience, or care cannot reasonably foresee event. □

2.

Webster's New Collegiate Dictionary, 2d ed. (Springfield, Mass.: G. & C. Merriam Co., Publishers, 1953), s.v. "act of God."

Webster's Seventh New Collegiate Dictionary (G. & C. Merriam Co., Publishers, 1963), s.v. "act of God."